

Brazil Macro | June 2022

Credit

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BRIEF OVERVIEW



SUMMARY

- Given the sharp increase in household debt, especially in a context of higher inflation (reducing the purchasing power) and higher interest rates (increasing the debt servicing), we continue to look for a deceleration in bank lending.
- Our projections for total outstanding loan growth is -0.8% YoY in 2022 and 0.2% YoY in 2023 (inflation-adjusted).
- In 2H22, we expect that trend to be magnified by an expected slowdown in economic activity. However, we anticipate only a cyclical increase in NPLs, and no emergence of new historical peaks, reflecting structural improvements in the bank lending framework and credit-concession technology.
- All in all, we expect credit to pose a small drag on economic activity in 2022-23.
- Owing to a strike of federal workers, the last official data available is from February, and new data releases have been postponed with no publication date rescheduled for now.

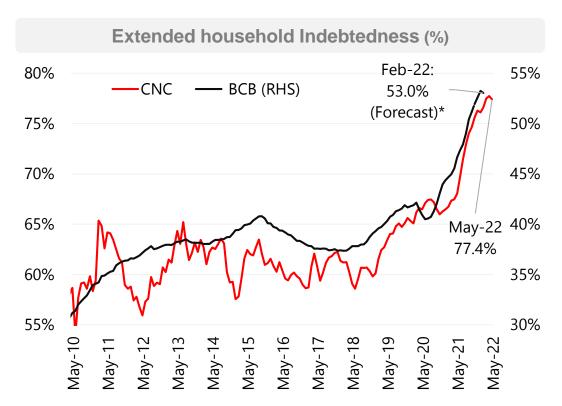


HOUSEHOLD

02

Families Indebtedness is (still) the main problem

- o Household indebtedness keeps rising fast, we foresee a higher figure for February-22, at 53%
- The situation is getting worse due to the credit operations increasing and the household income stagnation.



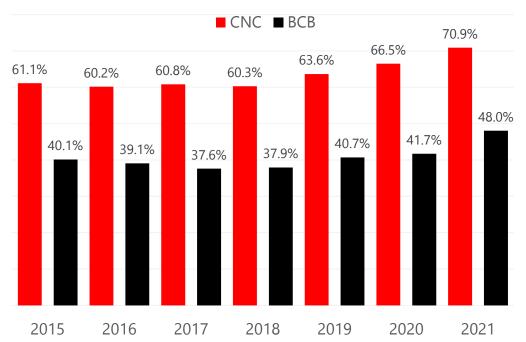
Sources: Brazilian Central Bank, CNC, Santander.

The indebtedness indicator built by the National Confederation of Commerce (CNC, in Portuguese acronym) – measured through a survey carried out in all Brazilian capitals with approximately 18 thousand consumers. Those numbers could herald the trends in the BCB series (official data).

^{*} Using January's forecast (53.23%) as January official data.



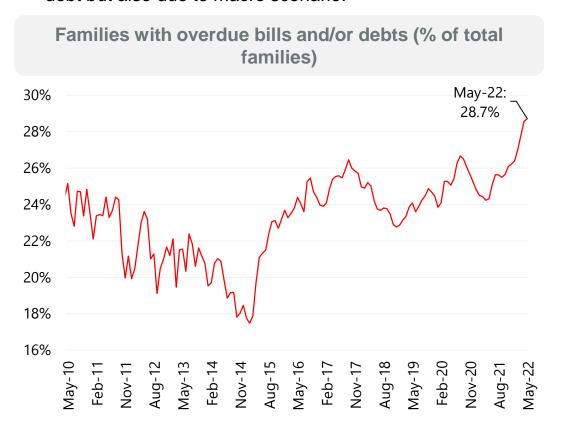
Extended household Indebtedness (annual avg %)



Sources: Brazilian Central Bank, CNC, Santander.

Families Indebtedness: it will remain for a time

 Families are facing difficulties to honor their debts during the month, as they are already with a very tight budget, not only because of debt but also due to macro scenario.







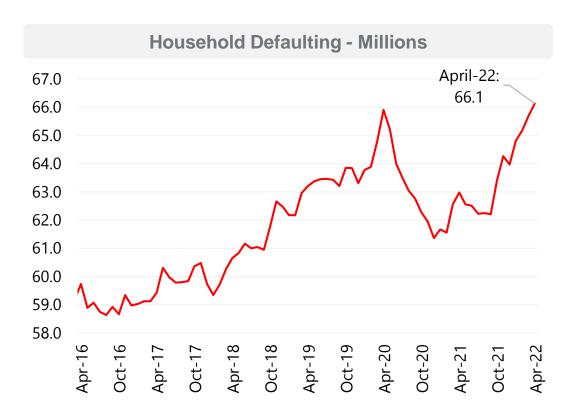
Sources: CNC, Santander.



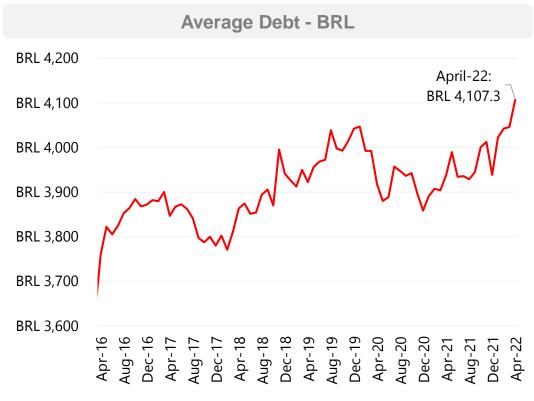
Sources: CNC, Santander.

Families Indebtedness: higher than ever

- The number of Household Defaulting reached an all-time high in April, at 66.1 million consumers who are defaulting;
- The Average Debt of these consumers also is at an all-time high, at a debt of R\$ 4.107 (in average)





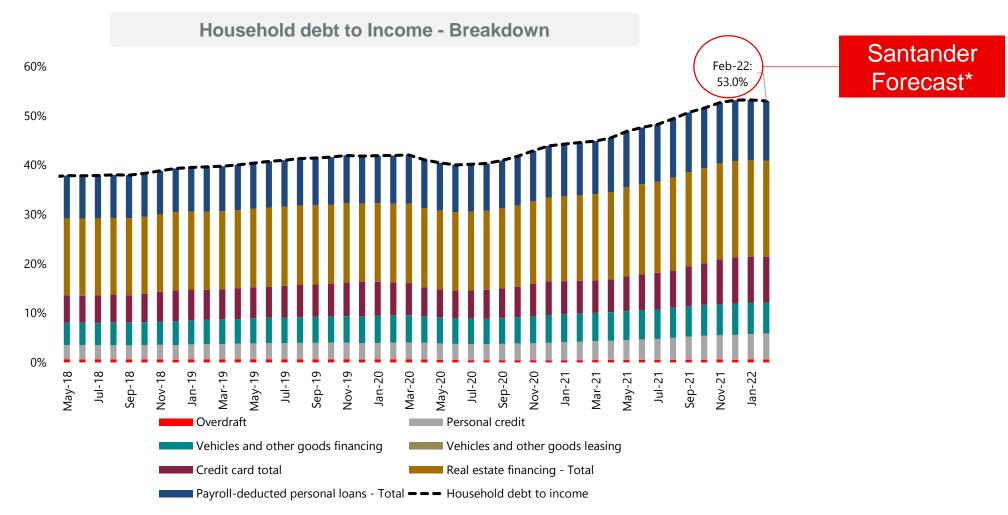


Sources: Serasa Experian, Santander.



Families Indebtednes: breakdown

o The largest part of Household debt to income is made up of: Real estate financing, Payroll-deducted personal loans and Credit card.

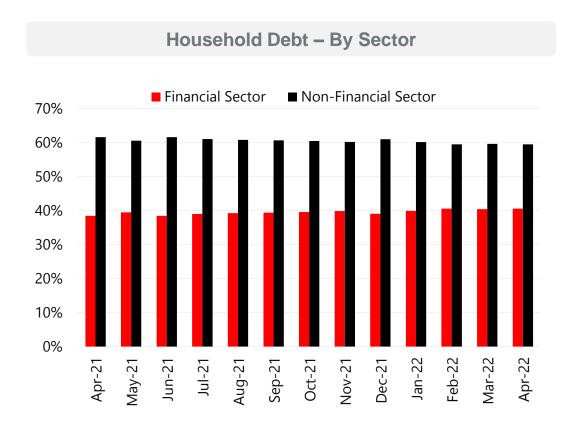




^{*} Using January's forecast (53.23%) as January official data.

Families Indebtednes: by Sector

Almost 60% of families' debt is in Non-Financial Sector.

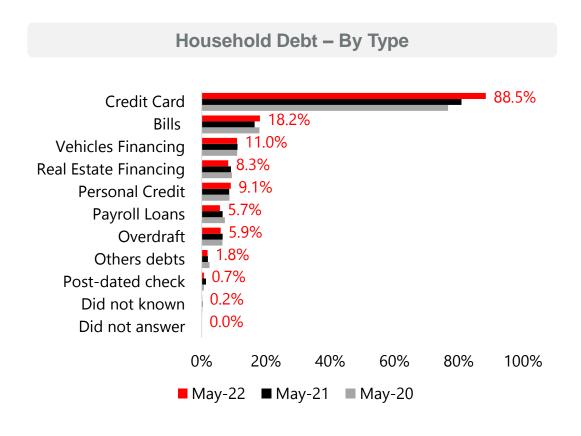


Sources: CNC, Santander.



Families Indebtednes: by Type

More than 88% of families have Credit Card as a type of debt.

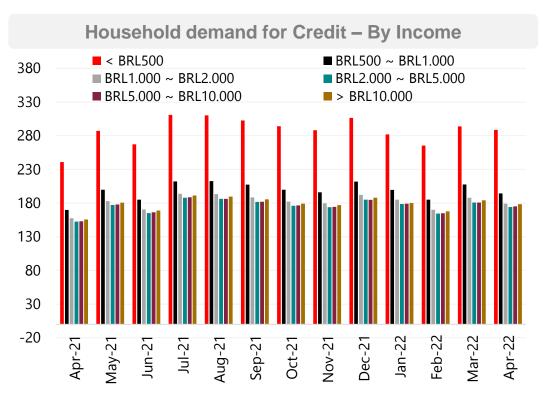


Sources: CNC, Santander.



Household demand for Credit: Breakdown

- Families with incomes of less than BRL 500 are the ones that most demand credit.
- And, families living in the north or northeast (country regions) are the ones that most demand credit,





Household demand for Credit – By Country Region 300 ■ Center West ■ Northeast ■ Southeast ■ North South 250 200 150 100 50 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22 Apr-22 Dec-21 Apr-21 May-21 Jul-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Nov-21 Jun-21

Sources: Serasa Experian, Santander.

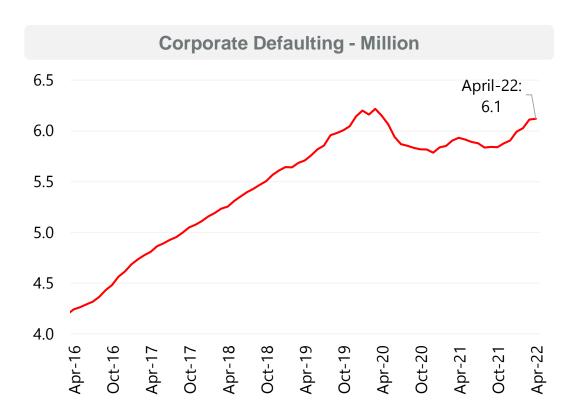


CORPORATE

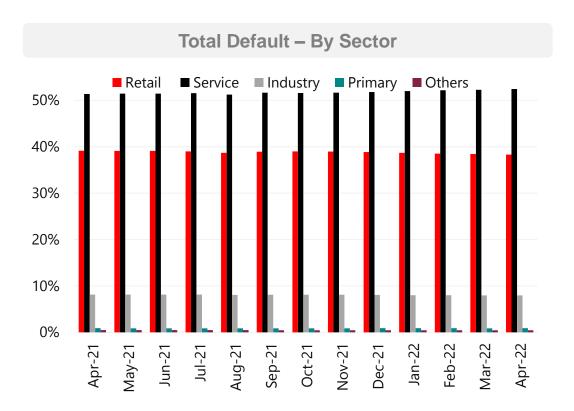


Corporates default: higher than last year

- The number of defaulting companies reached 6.1 million, (2021: around 5.8-5.9 million).
- The retail and service sectors are the sectors that have more default.





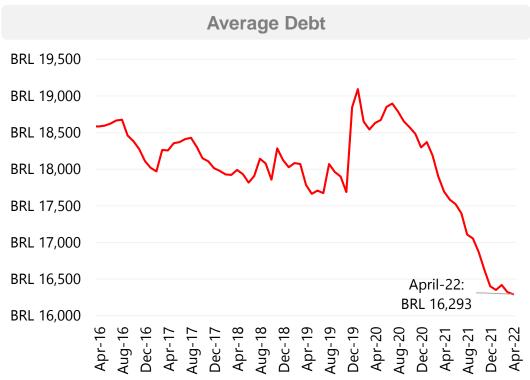


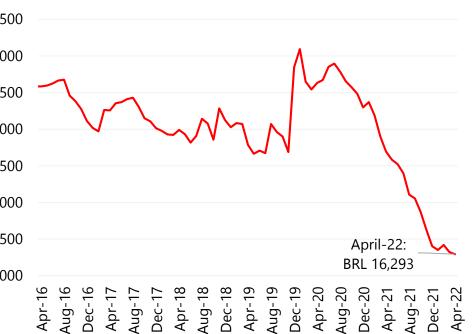
Sources: Serasa Experian, Santander.



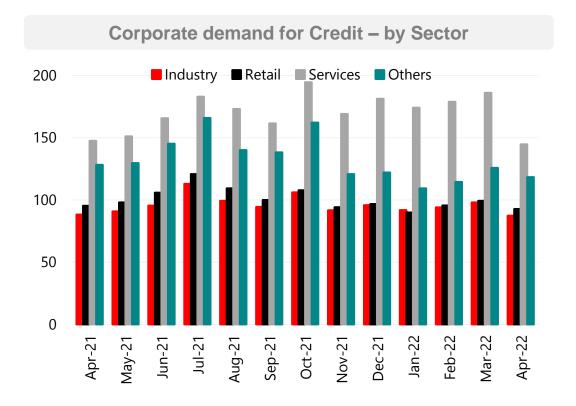
Corporates debt: lower than ever

- The Average Debt of these corporates is decreasing and reached an all-time low.
- The service and others sectors are the sectors that demand more credit.







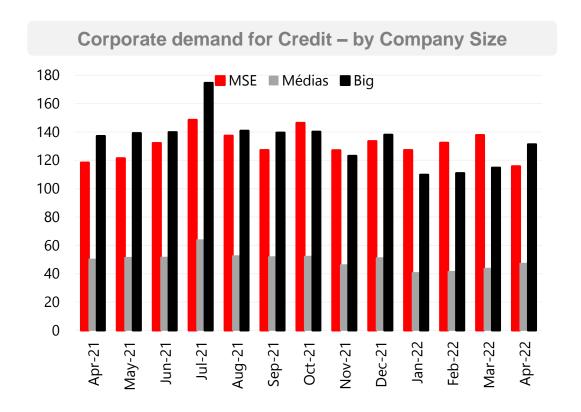


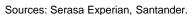
Sources: IBGE, Santander.

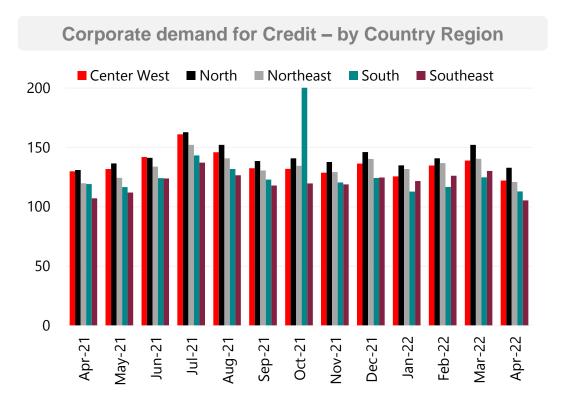


Corporate demand for Credit

- Micro and Small Enterprises (MSE) and Big Companies are who demand more credit.
- All the country regions have similar demand for credit.







Sources: Brazilian Central Bank, Santander.



^{*} BRL million and Inflation adjusted.

Forecasts



Nominal Credit Outstanding & Delinquencies – Current Forecasts

Nominal Credit Outstanding (%YoY)									
	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e			
Total	6.4	15.6	16.3	9.4	6.8	<i>8.4</i>			
Household	11.9	11.1	21.0	12.2	8.3	10.2			
Non-fin. Corp.	-0.3	21.8	10.5	5.5	4.7	5.6			
Nonearmarked	13.9	15.4	20.3	11.4	6.7	9.4			
Household	16.5	10.7	23.0	12.6	8.3	9.8			
Non-fin. Corp.	10.8	21.2	17.3	9.9	4.7	8.9			
Earmarked	-2.4	15.9	10.9	6.4	7.1	6.7			
Household	6.6	11.7	18.5	11.6	8.4	<i>10.7</i>			
Non-fin. Corp.	-14.0	22.8	-0.3	-2.8	4.6	<i>-1.5</i>			

Credit Conditions								
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e	
Non-performing loans (Non-Earmarked)	3.9	3.7	2.9	3.1	4.4	5.0	4.6	
Household	4.8	5.0	4.2	4.4	5.6	5.9	5.5	
Non-fin. Corp.	2.7	2.1	1.5	1.5	2.2	2.9	2.9	
Household Indebtedness	38.9	41.4	43.9	<i>52.6</i>	<i>54.9</i>	<i>55.6</i>	56.5	
Household debt service ratio	22.0	23.4	23.8	27.9	28.8	<i>29.1</i>	29.6	



Real Credit Outstanding & Delinquencies – Current Forecasts

Real Credit Outstanding (%YoY)									
		2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e		
Total		3.8	11.2	<i>5.1</i>	-0.2	1.5	5.0		
Household		9.1	6.9	9.3	2.3	2.9	6.7		
Non-fin. Corp.		-2.7	17.2	-0.2	-3.8	-0.6	2.3		
Nonearmarked		11.1	11.0	<i>8.7</i>	1.6	<i>1.3</i>	6.0		
Household		13.7	6.5	11.1	2.7	2.9	6.4		
Non-fin. Corp.		8.0	16.6	5.9	0.2	-0.6	5.5		
Earmarked		-4.8	11.5	0.2	-3.0	1.8	<i>3.4</i>		
Household		4.0	7.4	7.1	1.8	3.0	7.2		
Non-fin. Corp.		-16.2	18.2	-9.9	-11.3	-0.6	-4.6		
Credit Conditions									
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022e	2023e	2024e		
Non-performing loans (Non-Earmarked)	3.9	3.7	2.9	3.1	4.4	5.0	4.6		
Household	4.8	5.0	4.2	4.4	5.6	5.9	5.5		
Non-fin. Corp.	2.7	2.1	1.5	1.5	2.2	2.9	2.9		
Household Indebtedness	38.9	41.4	43.9	<i>52.6</i>	<i>54.9</i>	<i>55.6</i>	<i>56.5</i>		
Household debt service ratio	22.0	23.4	23.8	27.9	28.8	<i>29.1</i>	29.6		



Thank you.

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